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### TOWARDS LEARNING THE LEGACY OF THE JADIDS: AN ANALYSIS

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Abstract Jadidism movement is an important cultural and political movement formed in Central Asia in the late 19th and early 20th centuries. In this article, we will try to analyze in depth the heritage of the Jadids, studying their contribution to the national revival and cultural changes. In the framework of the article, we will reflect on the main principles of the Jadidism movement, its history, founders, and their influence on the fields of education, culture and politics.

Keywords Jadidism, Central Asia, national revival, cultural changes, education, politics, culture, heritage

Introduction

Jadidism movement is an important cultural and political movement formed in Central Asia in the late 19th and early 20th centuries. The main goal of this movement was to help the Muslim peoples in the region to progress in the path of enlightenment, to create a new educational system, and to implement socio-political changes. The Jadids, that is, the advanced intellectuals of the new era, sought to create a new, modern and developed society in the region through their scientific, cultural and political activities.

Methodology

The following methodologies are used to study the heritage of Jadids:

Historical Approach: Gather information about the development of the Jadid movement and its representatives through the study of historical documents, archival materials and old publications.

Literary Analysis: Determining the thoughts and purposes of the works written by the ancients by analyzing them.

Social Approach: Study of the social impact of the movement and its place in the society of the time.

History and Basic Principles of the Jadidism Movement

Jadidism movement appeared in the regions of Central Asia within the Russian Empire at the end of the 19th century and the beginning of the 20th century. The founders of this movement especially tried to increase the level of enlightenment of



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Muslim peoples by introducing a new educational system. They paid great attention to the establishment of new method schools, mastering of modern science and technology, and development of national culture.

Jadids and Their Contribution to Education

Jadids tried to change the traditional education system by establishing new method schools. In these schools, lessons were conducted based on modern pedagogical methods, and this, in turn, helped the young generation in the region to acquire a wide range of knowledge and skills. Through their scientific and cultural activities, Jadids made a great contribution to increasing the intellectual potential of the new generation.

Cultural and Political Activities of Jadids

Jadids were active not only in education, but also in the fields of culture and politics. They led the movement of national revival, sought to develop a new modern culture. Jadids tried to strengthen the national identity and raise the cultural level of the people through their literary and artistic works. His political activities were aimed at establishing an independent and developed state in the region.

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