

THE METHOD OF ORGANIZING EXTRACURRICULAR ACTIVITIES IN ELEMENTARY SCHOOL MOTHER TONGUE CLASSES THROUGH INTERACTIVE METHODS

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Annotation: In this article, it is mentioned about the method of organizing extra-curricular activities in elementary school mother tongue classes through interactive methods.

Key words: Interactive methods, primary class, mother tongue lessons, extracurricular activities, methodology

Organizing extracurricular activities in elementary school mother tongue classes through interactive methods is an effective way to engage students, enhance their language skills, and encourage a love for learning. Here are some key strategies to incorporate interactive methods:

1. Storytelling and Role-Playing

Activity Idea: Have students create and perform short stories or skits in their mother tongue.

How it works: Organize the class into small groups, each tasked with creating a story based on a theme. Students can take on roles, practice speaking in the target language, and engage in dialogue with peers.

Benefits: Enhances verbal communication skills, builds vocabulary, and promotes teamwork.

2. Language Games and Puzzles

Activity Idea: Use games like word searches, crossword puzzles, or memory matching games in the mother tongue.

How it works: Provide students with a set of cards or worksheets that they can work on in pairs or small groups. This can include matching pictures with words or solving puzzles that require the use of the language.

Benefits: Encourages problem-solving, reinforces vocabulary, and makes learning fun.

3. Cultural Days or Language Festivals

Activity Idea: Organize a cultural event where students showcase aspects of their heritage through language.

How it works: Each student or group prepares a short presentation, song, or poem in their mother tongue. This could be part of a larger event that includes displays of food, art, or traditional dress.

Benefits: Builds cultural pride, encourages active language use, and promotes community building.

4. Interactive Storybooks and Apps

Activity Idea: Integrate digital tools like interactive storybooks or language-learning apps that allow students to engage with the language in a fun way.

How it works: Use a projector or tablets to display interactive storybooks, where students can click on objects or characters to hear the words or phrases in the language. Apps can also have games that help with grammar, spelling, and vocabulary.

Benefits: Engages tech-savvy students, offers personalized learning experiences, and can track progress.

5. Language-based Scavenger Hunts

Activity Idea: Organize a scavenger hunt where students search for objects or clues based on instructions in the mother tongue.

How it works: Students are given a list of items or tasks to find, read, or perform, all in their native language. This can be done indoors or outdoors and can include solving riddles or completing language challenges.

Benefits: Encourages critical thinking, increases interaction with the language in different contexts, and adds excitement to learning.

6. Peer Learning and Group Work

Activity Idea: Pair students up or organize small groups where they can teach each other new vocabulary, phrases, or grammar.

How it works: Students can take turns explaining concepts, reading stories, or creating dialogues together. Teachers can facilitate and offer guidance, but the focus is on student-to-student interaction.

Benefits: Reinforces language skills, builds confidence, and promotes collaborative learning.

7. Interactive Language Songs and Rhyme

Activity Idea: Incorporate singing and rhyming activities that are in the mother tongue.

How it works: Teach the students simple songs, rhymes, or chants in their native language, allowing them to act out or dance along.

Benefits: Improves pronunciation, enhances memory through melody, and makes learning enjoyable.

8. Creative Arts Integration

Activity Idea: Use visual arts, like drawing, painting, or crafting, to reinforce language concepts.

How it works: Students can create posters, flashcards, or illustrations related to vocabulary words or stories they are learning. For example, after reading a story in the mother tongue, students can draw scenes from it and label the drawings in the language.

Benefits: Reinforces vocabulary visually, promotes creativity, and connects language with other forms of expression.

9. Language Challenges or Competitions

Activity Idea: Host friendly competitions like spelling bees, poetry recitations, or language trivia.

How it works: Organize competitions where students can compete individually or in teams to demonstrate their skills in spelling, vocabulary, and understanding of the language. Winners can earn small prizes or certificates.

Benefits: Motivates students to improve their language skills and fosters a sense of achievement.

10. Interactive Classroom Discussions

Activity Idea: Hold group discussions on simple topics where students can practice speaking and listening in the target language.

How it works: Organize discussions around age-appropriate topics like family, hobbies, or animals. Encourage students to share their opinions, ask questions, and listen to their peers.

Benefits: Enhances conversational skills, encourages listening comprehension, and improves fluency.

Implementation Tips:

Keep activities age-appropriate: Tailor the complexity of the activity to the students' language proficiency and age group.

Encourage active participation: Make sure every student gets involved in the activities and has the chance to speak, listen, or contribute.

Use diverse materials: Incorporate multimedia, physical props, and interactive resources to keep students engaged.

Celebrate achievements: Recognize the efforts of students in their language learning, whether through verbal praise, certificates, or small rewards.

By combining interactive activities with language learning, students are more likely to develop a deeper connection to their mother tongue while having fun and collaborating with their peers.

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